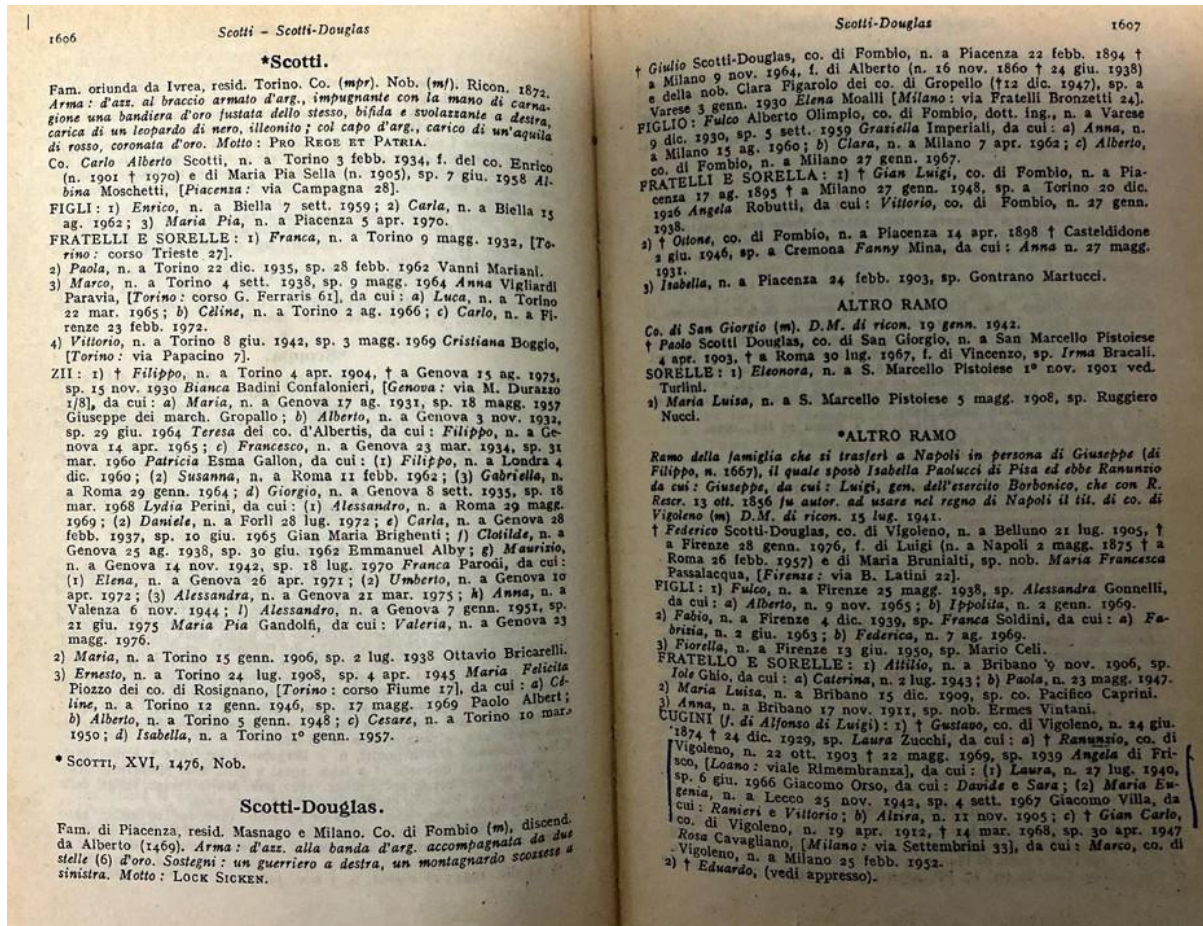


The Scotti Douglas Lineage

Provided by Vittorio Villa

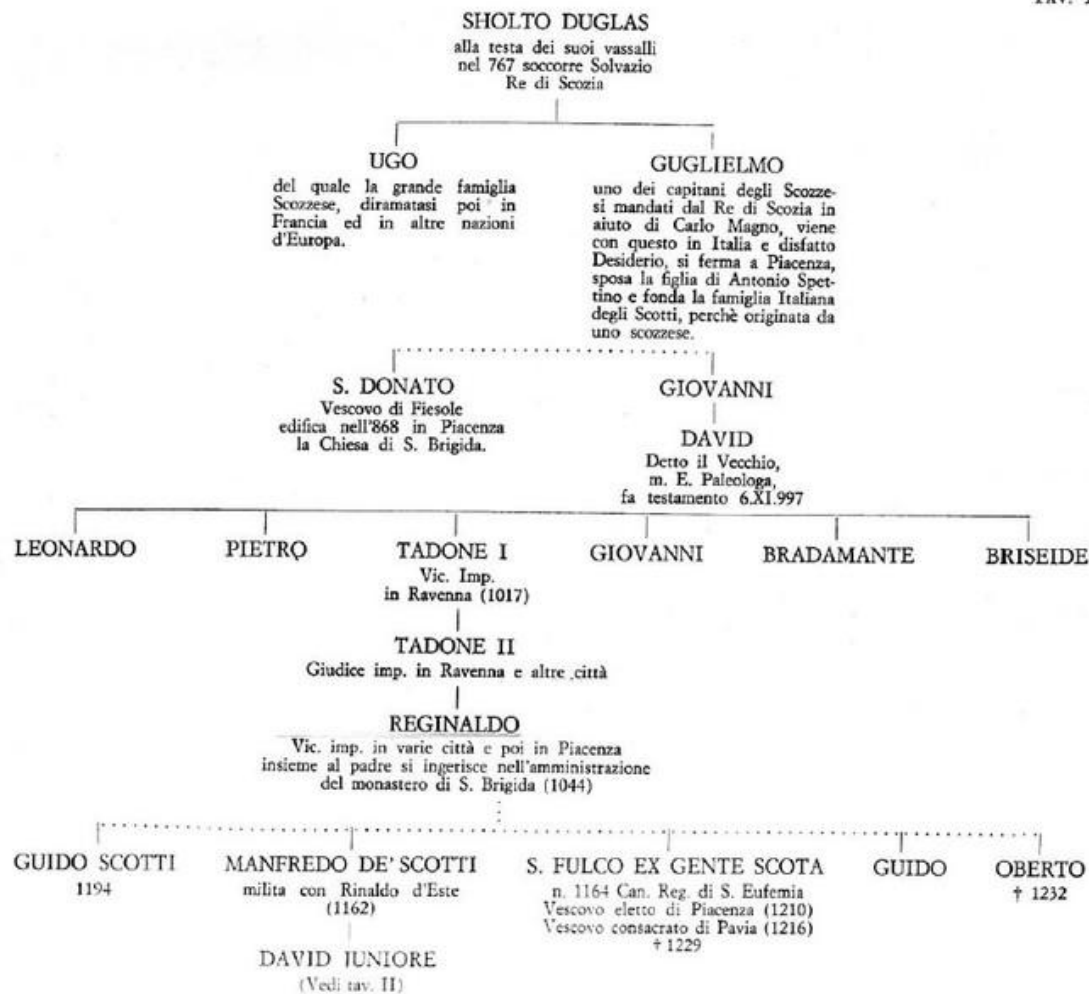


The Scotti Douglas di Vigoleno family, an aristocratic lineage centered in Piacenza, Northern Italy, is documented in the Libro d'Oro della Nobiltà Italiana, a private publication listing noble Italian families since 1910. The family claims descent from the Scottish Clan Douglas, a legend asserting that a knight from the clan, possibly named Marius Douglas or Mario Scoto, came to Italy under Charlemagne to fight the Lombards and settled in Piacenza. However, this origin lacks solid documentation, with the earliest confirmed record being Rainaldo Scotti in 1184, a consul of the merchants' guild in Piacenza. In 1414, the heirs of Giacomo Scotti were granted the titles of counts of Castell'Arquato, Fiorenzuola, and Vigoleno by Holy Roman Emperor Sigismund, who also permitted them to adopt the name Scotti Douglas, reflecting their claimed Scottish heritage. The family's prominence grew through strategic marriages, such as Giovanni Maria Scotti, Count of Vigoleno, marrying Aloisia Gonzaga in 1475, forming the Scotti-Gonzaga branch. The Scotti Douglas di Vigoleno branch, descending from Bartolomeo Scotti, persists to the present day, while other branches like Agazzano and Gragnano have become extinct.

Notable members include Alberto Scotti, Lord of Piacenza (1280–1290), and Luigi Scotti Douglas (1796–1880), a general in the Kingdom of Two Sicilies. The family's titles, including conte di Vigoleno, are recorded in the Libro d'Oro, which lists families recognized by the Consulta Araldica of the Kingdom of Italy and those in the 1921 and 1933 official noble lists. The Scotti Douglas di Vigoleno are also noted for their historical roles in military, ecclesiastical, and civil spheres, with figures like Ranuccio Scotti Douglas (1597–1659), Bishop of Fidenza, and Paolo Scotti Douglas della Scala, governor of Piacenza before Italian unification in 1854.

The Libro d'Oro entry for the family would include a brief historical overview, updated family status, and their coat of arms, though specific details like the stemma's blasonatura are not provided in the available sources. The family's noble status is further evidenced by their inclusion in historical records and their continued recognition in modern editions of the Libro d'Oro, despite the Italian Republic's abolition of official noble title recognition post-1946.

Sholto Scotti Douglas di Vigoleno



Summary of the Family Tree of Sholto Scotti Douglas di Vigoleno

The family tree of Sholto Scotti Douglas di Vigoleno traces the lineage of the Scotti Douglas family, a noble Italian family with claimed Scottish origins, centered in Piacenza and later Naples. Sholto Douglas, an early figure in the family's history, appears in the document "douglas scotti vigoleno.pdf" as a foundational ancestor. Below is a summary of the family tree stemming from Sholto, based on the provided documents and genealogical data.

Sholto Douglas (8th Century)

Role: Sholto Douglas is noted as the earliest ancestor, leading his vassals in 767 to aid King Solvazio of Scotland. The family claims descent from the Scottish Clan Douglas, with a legend suggesting a knight (possibly Marius Douglas or Mario Scoto) came to Italy under Charlemagne to fight the Lombards and settled in Piacenza.

Historical Note: The Scottish origin lacks solid documentation, with the earliest verified record being Rainaldo Scotti in 1184, a consul in Piacenza. Sholto's role may be legendary, but he marks the symbolic start of the Scotti Douglas lineage.

Early Generations in Italy

Ugo: A descendant of Sholto, part of the Scottish family that branched into France and other European nations.

Guglielmo (8th Century): A captain sent by the King of Scotland to aid Charlemagne, Guglielmo came to Italy, defeated Desiderio, settled in Piacenza, married Antonio Spettino's daughter, and founded the Italian Scotti family, named for its Scottish roots.

S. Donato (d. 868): Bishop of Fiesole, built the Chiesa di S. Brigida in Piacenza in 868.

Giovanni David "il Vecchio" (d. 997): Married E. Paleologa, made a will on 6 November 997.

Tadone I (fl. 1017): Vicar Imperial in Ravenna.

Tadone II (fl. 1044): Imperial Judge in Ravenna and other cities, co-managed the S. Brigida monastery in Piacenza with his father Reginaldo.

Medieval and Renaissance Period

Guido Scotti (fl. 1194) and Manfredo de' Scotti (fl. 1162): Early notable members, with Manfredo serving alongside Rinaldo d'Este.

S. Fulco ex Gente Scota (1164–1216): Canon Regular of S. Eufemia, elected Bishop of Piacenza (1210), consecrated Bishop of Pavia (1216).

David Iuniore (13th Century): Leads to the Vigoleno branch.

Giovanni (d. 1273): Founder of the Vigoleno, Sarmato, and Fombio lordships, married Mabilia, made a will on 9 December 1273.

Pietro II (fl. 1303): Captain of Piacenza, died 1340.

Pietro (fl. 1404): First conte di Vigoleno, married M. Cavalcabò.

Caterina (d. 1462): Invested with the title of Douglas by Emperor Sigismund in 1414, alongside her brother Pietro, for the castles of Castell'Arquato, Fiorenzuola, and others.

Bartolomeo: Married Eleonora Rossi di San Secondo, continuing the Vigoleno branch.

Francesco Maria: Married L. Sanvitali.

Cesare Maria: Parish priest of Carpanto.

Neapolitan Branch (17th Century Onward)

Giuseppe Scotti Douglas (b. 1667): Moved to Naples, starting the Neapolitan branch.

Luigi Scotti Douglas (1796–1880): General in the Kingdom of Two Sicilies, conte di Vigoleno, married Giuseppa Carlier (1824).

Federico Scotti Douglas (1836–1892): Married E. Brenwald.

Luigi Scotti Douglas (1875–1957): Conte di Vigoleno (recognized 1941), married Maria Brunialti.

Federico Scotti Douglas (1905–1976): Married Maria Francesca Passalacqua.

Fulco Scotti Douglas (1938–1997): Married Alessandra Gonnelli.

Alberto Scotti Douglas (b. 1965): Married a Tortoli (1998).

Falco (b. 1998) and Leone (b. 2000).

Alfonso Scotti Douglas (1849–1910): Married Celestina Leoncilli.

Gustavo Scotti Douglas (1874–1929): Married Laura Zucchi.

Ranunzio Scotti Douglas (1903–1969): Married Angela di Frisco.

Maria Eugenia Scotti Douglas (b. 1942): Married Giacomo Villa (1967).

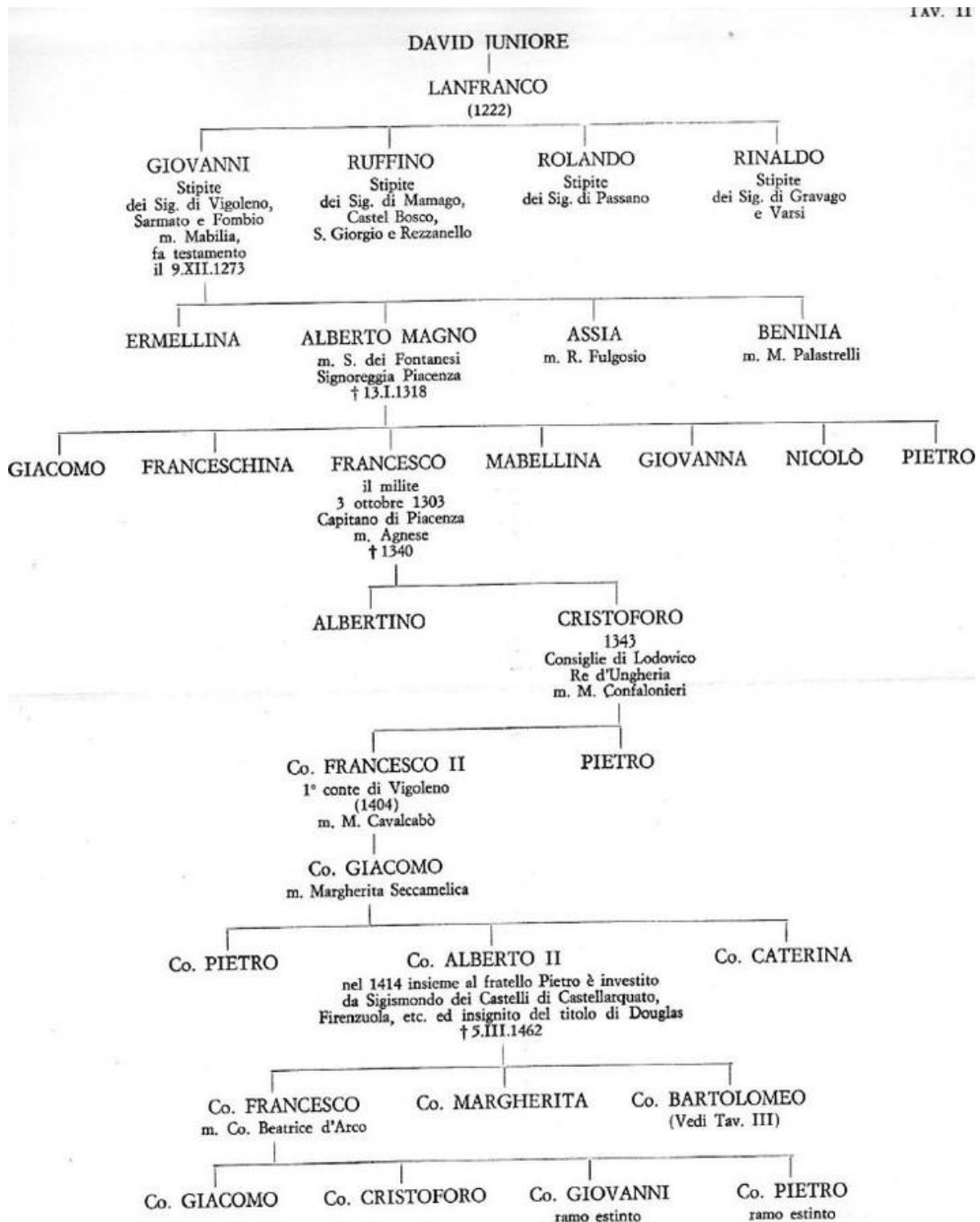
Ranieri Villa.

Vittorio Villa Scotti Douglas: Added Scotti Douglas via prefectural decree.

Key Points

Title: The title of conte di Vigoleno, granted in 1414 by Emperor Sigismund, is hereditary and persists through the family's branches, recognized officially in 1856 and 1941.

David Scotti Douglas di Vigoleno



Family Tree of David Scotti Douglas di Vigoleno

The Scotti Douglas di Vigoleno family is a noble Italian lineage with claimed Scottish origins, centered in Piacenza and later Naples. The name "David Scotti Douglas" appears in the provided document "douglas scotti vigoleno.pdf" (above) as two distinct figures: David "il

Vecchio" (died 997) and David Iuniore (13th century). Since the query does not specify which David is intended, I will outline the family tree for both, focusing on their roles and descendants within the broader Scotti Douglas di Vigoleno lineage. The tree is constructed based on the document and prior discussions.

David "il Vecchio" (d. 997)

Role and Context: **David "il Vecchio"** is an early figure in the Scotti Douglas lineage, noted in the document as having made a will on 6 November 997. His existence predates the formal adoption of the Scotti Douglas name in 1414, suggesting he was part of the early Scotti family in Piacenza, before the Scottish connection was officially recognized.

Marriage: Married E. Paleologa, indicating a possible connection to the Paleologus family, which could imply Byzantine or noble Italian ties.

Position in the Family Tree: David "il Vecchio" appears after earlier figures like Sholto Douglas (767), Ugo, Guglielmo (8th century), and S. Donato (d. 868), who built the Chiesa di S. Brigida in Piacenza. He is a direct ancestor of later generations but is not explicitly linked to specific children in the document.

Descendants Leading to David Iuniore

Leonardo, Pietro, Tadone I (fl. 1017): Tadone I was a Vicar Imperial in Ravenna.

Giovanni, Bradamante, Briseide.

Tadone II (fl. 1044): Imperial Judge in Ravenna and other cities, co-managed the S. Brigida monastery with his father Reginaldo.

Guido Scotti (fl. 1194) and Manfredone de' Scotti (fl. 1162): Early notable members.

S. Fulco ex Gente Scota (1164–1216): Canon Regular, Bishop of Piacenza (1210), and Pavia (1216).

David Iuniore (13th Century)

Role and Context: David Iuniore is a pivotal figure in the Scotti Douglas di Vigoleno lineage, appearing in the document as the progenitor of several branches, including the Vigoleno line. His era aligns with the family's growing prominence in Piacenza.

Siblings:

Guido.

Oberto (d. 1232).

Children:

Lanfranco (fl. 1222).

Giovanni: Founder of the Vigoleno, Sarmato, and Fombio lordships, made a will on 9 December 1273, married Mabilia.

Descendants:

Pietro II (fl. 1303, d. 1340): Captain of Piacenza.

Pietro (fl. 1404): First conte di Vigoleno, married M. Cavalcabò.

Caterina (d. 1462): Invested with the title of Douglas by Emperor Sigismund in 1414, alongside her brother Pietro.

Bartolomeo: Married Eleonora Rossi di San Secondo.

Francesco Maria: Married L. Sanvitali.

Cesare Maria: Parish priest of Carpanto.

Ruffino: Founder of the Mamago, Castel Bosco, S. Giorgio, and Rezanello branches.

Rolando: Founder of the Passano branch.

Rinaldo: Founder of the Gravago and Varsi branches.

Continuation of the Vigoleno Branch

The Vigoleno branch, stemming from Giovanni (son of David Iuniore), continues through several generations:

Pietro (fl. 1404) to Bartolomeo, leading to the Neapolitan branch in the 17th century with Giuseppe Scotti Douglas (b. 1667).

Luigi Scotti Douglas (1796–1880): General in the Kingdom of Two Sicilies, conte di Vigoleno.

Federico Scotti Douglas (1836–1892):

Luigi Scotti Douglas (1875–1957):

Federico Scotti Douglas (1905–1976):

Fulco Scotti Douglas (1938–1997):

Alberto Scotti Douglas (b. 1965):

Falco (b. 1998) and Leone (b. 2000).

Alfonso Scotti Douglas (1849–1910):

Gustavo Scotti Douglas (1874–1929):

Ranunzio Scotti Douglas (1903–1969):

Maria Eugenia Scotti Douglas (b. 1942): Married Giacomo Villa.

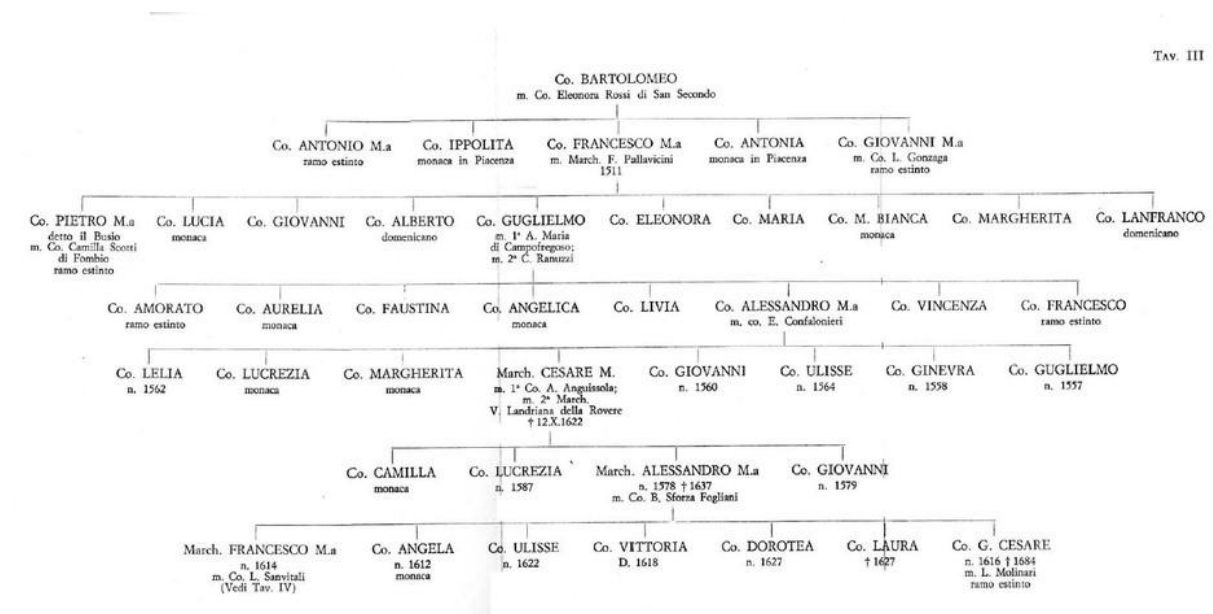
Ranieri Villa.

Vittorio Villa Scotti Douglas: Added Scotti Douglas via decree.

Key Points

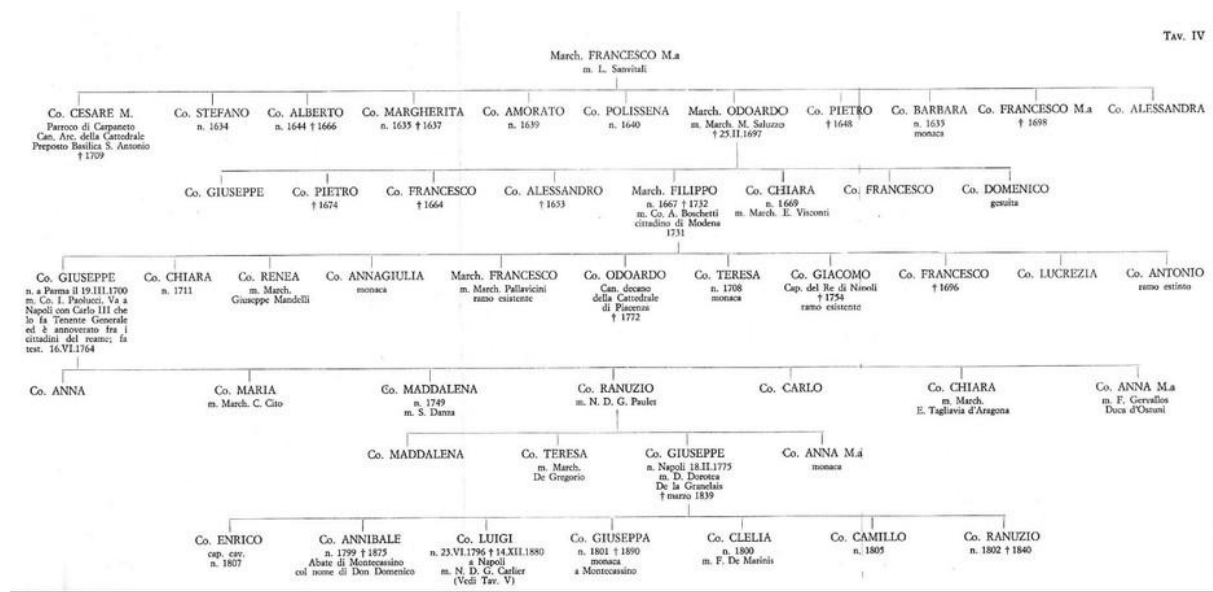
David "il Vecchio" (d. 997): An early ancestor, part of the pre-Scotti Douglas phase in Piacenza, linking the family to its foundational Italian roots.

Bartholomemo



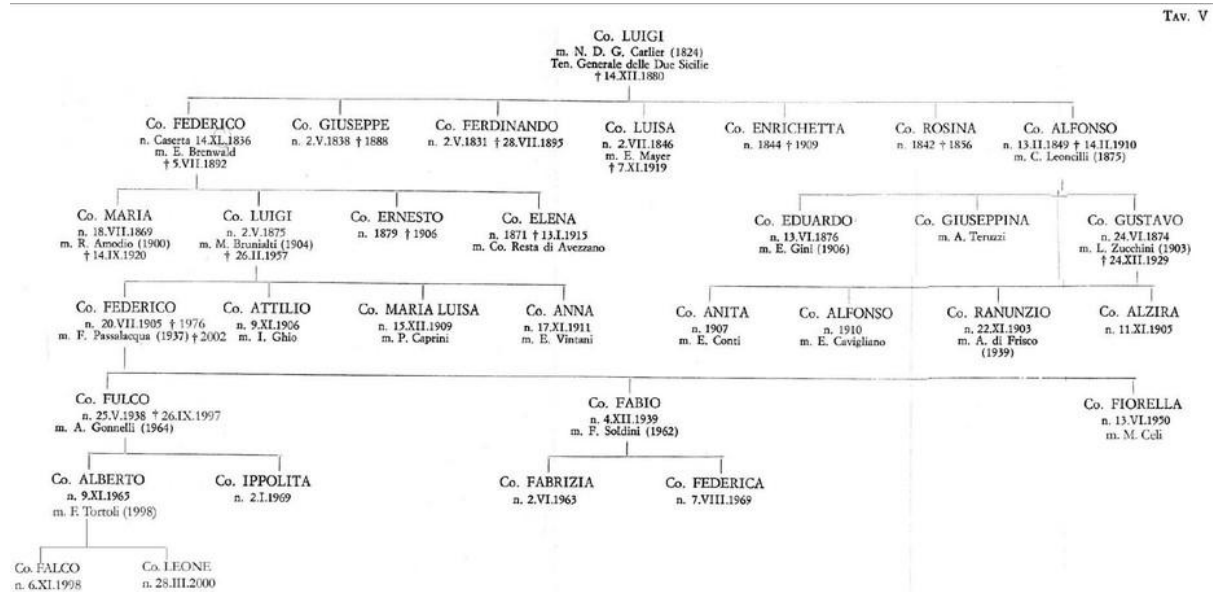
Francesco

Tav. IV



Luigi Scotti Douglas (1796-1880)

Tav. V



Summary of the Family Tree of Luigi Scotti Douglas

Luigi Scotti Douglas (1796-1880) is a key figure in the Scotti Douglas di Vigoleno family, a noble lineage with origins in Piacenza, Italy, and claimed Scottish descent. Luigi, a general in the Kingdom of Two Sicilies, is part of the family's Neapolitan branch, which began when Giuseppe Scotti Douglas settled in Naples in the 17th century. Below is a summary of Luigi's family tree based on the provided documents and genealogical records.

Ancestors

Giuseppe Scotti Douglas (b. 1667): The progenitor of the Neapolitan branch, Giuseppe

moved to Naples, establishing the family's presence in Southern Italy. He descends from the broader Scotti Douglas di Vigoleno family, which traces its roots to Piacenza and a legendary Scottish origin under Charlemagne in the 8th century.

Intermediate Generations: The lineage from Giuseppe to Luigi spans several generations, with the family maintaining its noble status through military and administrative roles under the Bourbon dynasty in Naples. Specific names between Giuseppe and Luigi are not detailed in the provided documents but are implied through the genealogical continuity.

Luigi Scotti Douglas (1796–1880)

Role and Title: General in the Kingdom of Two Sicilies, conte di Vigoleno.

Marriage: Married Giuseppa Carlier in 1824 (noted in earlier documents, though dates may need clarification due to inconsistencies).

Children:

Federico Scotti Douglas (1836–1892): Born in Caserta, died in 1892. Married E. Brenwald (died 1892).

Alfonso Scotti Douglas (1849–1910): Born in Nola, died in 1910. Married Celestina Leoncilli.

Descendants of Federico Scotti Douglas (1836–1892)

Luigi Scotti Douglas (1875–1957): Born in Naples, died in Rome. Recognized as conte di Vigoleno by decree in 1941. Married Maria Brunialti.

Children:

Federico Scotti Douglas (1905–1976): Born in Belluno, died in 1976. Married Maria Francesca Passalacqua (died 2002).

Fulco Scotti Douglas (1938–1997): Born in Florence, died in 1997. Married Alessandra Connelli in 1964.

Alberto Scotti Douglas (b. 1965): Married a Tortoli in 1998.

Falco Scotti Douglas (b. 1998).

Leone Scotti Douglas (b. 2000).

Ippolita Scotti Douglas (b. 1969).

Fabio Scotti Douglas (b. 1939): Born in Florence. Married Franca Soldini.

Fabrizia Scotti Douglas (b. 1963).

Federica Scotti Douglas (b. 1969).

Fiorella Scotti Douglas (b. 1950).

Attilio Scotti Douglas (b. 1906): Born in Bribano. Married Iole Ghio.

Maria Luisa Scotti Douglas (b. 1909).

Anna Scotti Douglas (b. 1911).

Descendants of Alfonso Scotti Douglas (1849–1910)

Gustavo Scotti Douglas (1874–1929): Born in 1874, died in 1929. Married Laura Zucchi (dates inconsistent in documents, possibly born around 1880, died 1969).

Ranunzio Scotti Douglas (1903–1969): Married Angela di Frisco.

Laura Scotti Douglas (1940–1966).

Davide Scotti Douglas (b. 1967): Married a Sara.

Maria Eugenia Scotti Douglas (b. 1942): Married Giacomo Villa in 1967.

Ranieri Villa.

Vittorio Villa Scotti Douglas: Later added Scotti Douglas via a prefectural decree.

Alzira Scotti Douglas (1905–1968): Married Gian Carlo Rosa Cavaglione.

Marco Cavaglione (b. 1947): Conte di Vigoleno.

Edoardo Scotti Douglas (1876–1952): Married a woman (name not specified in documents).

Alfonso Scotti Douglas (b. 1910): Born in Milan. Married Elisa Cavaglione.

Luigi Scotti Douglas.

Marino Scotti Douglas.

Key Points

Title: The title of conte di Vigoleno is hereditary in the Scotti Douglas family, passed down through Luigi's descendants, as seen with Federico (1941 decree) and Marco Cavaglione.

Neapolitan Branch: Luigi's line reflects the family's integration into Neapolitan nobility, with roles like his generalship under the Bourbons.

Modern Descendants: The family tree extends to the present, with Vittorio and Ranieri Villa (sons of Maria Eugenia) as recent members. Vittorio added Scotti Douglas to his name via legal process, and Ranieri can pursue the same.

General Luigi Scotti Douglas, Count of Vigoleno, 1796 - 1880



Luigi Scotti Douglas (†1880), Count of Vigoleno

- | — Alfonso (1849-1910), Count of Vigoleno = Celestina Leoncilli
- | | — Gustavo (1874-1929), Count of Vigoleno = Laura Zucchi
- | | | — Ranuzio (1903-1969), Count of Vigoleno = Angelo di Frisco (m. 1939)
- | | | | — Laura (b. 1940) = Giacomo Orso (m. 1966)
- | | | | — Maria Eugenia (b. 1942) = Giacomo Villa (m. 1967)
- | | | | — Ranieri Villa (b. 1972)
- | | | | | — Alessia Villa (b. 2009)
- | | | | | — Federica Villa (b. 2011)
- | | | | — Vittorio Villa (b. 1974)
- | | | | — Giacomo Villa (b. 2006)
- | | | | — Ginevra Villa (b. 2008)
- | | | | — Maria Vittoria Villa (b. 2012)

| | └── Alzira (b. 1905)
| | └── Gian Carlo (1912–1968), Count of Vigoleno = Rosa Cavagliano (m. 1947)
| | └── Marco (b. 1952), Count of Vigoleno
| └── Eduardo (1876–1952), Count of Vigoleno = Emma Ghini (†1946)
| └── Anita = Eliseo Conti
| └── Alfonso (b. 1910), Count of Vigoleno = Elisa Cavagliano
| └── Luigi, Count of Vigoleno
| └── Marino, Count of Vigoleno
└── Federico (†1892), Count of Vigoleno
└── Luigi (1875–1957), Count of Vigoleno = Maria Brunialti
└── Federico (b. 1905), Count of Vigoleno = Maria Francesca Passalacqua
| └── Fulco (b. 1938), Count of Vigoleno = Alessandra Gonnelli
| | └── Alberto (b. 1965), Count of Vigoleno
| | └── Ippolita (b. 1969)
| └── Fabio (b. 1939), Count of Vigoleno = Franca Soldini
| | └── Fabrizia (b. 1963)
| | └── Federica (b. 1969)
| └── Fiorella (b. 1950) = Mario Celi
└── Attilio (b. 1906), Count of Vigoleno = Iole Ghio
| └── Caterina (b. 1943)
| └── Paola (b. 1947)
└── Maria Luisa (b. 1909) = Pacifico Caprini
└── Anna (b. 1911) = Ermes Vintani (m. 1938)